

**Grangegorman Military Cemetery,
County Dublin, Republic of Ireland**

War Graves



Lest We Forget

World War 1



6784 PRIVATE

J. T. BARNES

48TH BN. AUSTRALIAN INF.

10TH OCTOBER, 1918 Age 28

*In Memory Of Joe
Dearly Loved Husband Of
Muriel Barnes
Payneham, S.A.*

Joseph Thomas (Joe) BARNES

Joseph Thomas Barnes was born at Glynde, Adelaide, South Australia on 28th August, 1879 to parents David West Barnes and Charlotte Barnes (nee Hanton).

David West Barnes, father of Joseph Thomas Barnes, died on 1st November, 1897 at Glynde, South Australia.

Joseph Thomas Barnes attended Adelaide University in South Australia & obtained his B.A. Degree on 18th December, 1908.

Joseph Thomas Barnes married Muriel Thirza Cox on 24th December, 1913 at Spicer Memorial Methodist Church, East Adelaide, South Australia.

Marjorie Joyce Barnes, daughter of Joseph & Muriel Barnes, was born in 1915 & Joan Eulalie Barnes, daughter of Joseph & Muriel Barnes was born in 1917.

Joseph Thomas Barnes was a 37 year old, married, School Teacher from Payneham, South Australia when he enlisted on 7th July, 1917 with the Australian Imperial Force (A.I.F.). His service number was 6784 & his religion was Methodist. His next of kin was listed as his wife – Mrs M. T. Barnes care of H. F. Cox, Fifth Avenue, Joslin, Payneham, South Australia. Joseph Barnes was 5ft 9 inches with brown hair, brown eyes & a dark complexion. He stated on his Attestation Papers that he had a wife & 1 child. Joseph Barnes also stated on his Attestation Papers that he had served for 12 months as Captain of Junior Cadets & 2 years as Lieutenant.

Private Joseph Thomas Barnes was posted with "B" Company at Mitcham Camp on 16th July, 1917 for recruit training. He was transferred to 20th Reinforcements of 27th Battalion on 1st August, 1917. Pte Barnes entrained on 27th October, 1917 from 3rd Military District for embarkation.

Private Joseph Thomas Barnes embarked from Melbourne, Victoria on HMAT *Aeneas (A60)* on 30th October, 1917 with the 27th Infantry Battalion, 20th Reinforcements & disembarked at Devonport, England on 27th December, 1917.

Reinforcements were only given basic training in Australia. Training was completed in training units in England. Some of these were located in the Salisbury Plain & surrounding areas in the county of Wiltshire.

Private Joseph Thomas Barnes was marched in to 6th Training Battalion at Fovant, Wiltshire from Australia on 27th December, 1917.

Private Joseph Thomas Barnes proceeded overseas to France from Fovant via Dover on 1st April, 1918 to reinforce the 48th Battalion.

Private Joseph Thomas Barnes joined No. 1 Overflow Camp at Calais, France on 1st April, 1918 then was marched out to his Unit on 4th April, 1918. Pte Barnes was taken on strength of 48th Battalion in France on 6th April, 1918.

Private Joseph Thomas Barnes was wounded in action on 3rd May, 1918. From the War Diary for the 48th Battalion they were situated as Villers-Bretonneux on the 3rd May, 1918 on the Cachy Line. The Battalion were in preparation from 11.30 pm on the 2nd May, 1918 for an assault on the enemy, moving forward at 2.20 am on the 3rd May, 1918. Pte Barnes was admitted to 12th Australian Field Ambulance on 3rd May, 1918 with shrapnel wounds to thigh. Pte Barnes was transferred to 61st Casualty Clearing Station the same day then transferred & admitted to 26th General Hospital at Etaples, France on 4th May, 1918. Pte Barnes was invalided to England on Hospital Ship *Princess Elizabeth* on 7th May, 1918.

Private Joseph Thomas Barnes was admitted to 1st London General Hospital, Camberwell, England on 7th May, 1918 with gunshot wounds to left thigh. He was transferred to 1st Auxiliary Hospital, Harefield, Middlesex, England on 17th May, 1918. Pte Barnes was discharged on 18th June, 1918 & was to then report to No. 3 Command Depot, Hurdcott, Wiltshire.

Private Joseph Thomas Barnes was marched in to No. 3 Command Depot, Hurdcott, Wiltshire on 18th June, 1918.

Private Joseph Thomas Barnes was marched in to No. 1 Command Depot at Sutton Veny, Wiltshire, from No. 3 Command Depot, Hurdcott, Wiltshire on 6th September, 1918 & medically classified as B1 A1 (Fit for light duty only – 4 weeks).

Private Joseph Thomas Barnes drowned on 10th October, 1918 as a result of enemy action on the R.M.S. *Leinster* which was torpedoed by German submarine *UB-123* while at Sea off the coast of Ireland on 10th October, 1918. His body was located & taken to King George V Hospital, Dublin, Ireland for identification. (No record is shown in Pte Barnes' service record file but it can only be assumed that he was on furlough at the time of the incident.)



R.M.S. Leinster

RMS Leinster was a vessel operated by the City of Dublin Steam Packet Company, served as the Kingstown (now Dún Laoghaire)- Holyhead mail boat.

Just before 10 a.m. on 10th October, 1918 as the *Leinster* was sailing east of the Kish Bank in a heavy swell, passengers saw a torpedo approach from the port side and pass in front of the bow. A second torpedo followed shortly afterwards, and it struck the ship forward on the port side in the vicinity of the mail room. Captain Birch ordered the ship to make a U-turn in an attempt to return to Kingstown as the ship began to settle slowly by the bow; however, the ship sank rapidly after a third torpedo struck the *Leinster*, causing a huge explosion.

Despite the heavy seas, the crew managed to launch several lifeboats and some passengers clung to life-rafts. The survivors were rescued by HMS *Lively*, HMS *Mallard* and HMS *Seal*. The first member of the Women's Royal Naval Service to die on active duty, Josephine Carr, was among those killed. Captain Birch was also among those lost in the sinking. Wounded in the initial attack, he was drowned when his lifeboat became swamped in heavy seas and capsized while trying to transfer survivors to HMS *Lively*. Several of the military personnel who died are buried in Grangegorman Military Cemetery.

Survivors were brought to Kingstown harbour. The ship's log states that she carried 77 crew and 694 passengers on her final voyage under the command of Captain William Birch. The ship had previously been attacked in the Irish Sea but the torpedoes missed their target. Those on board included more than one hundred British civilians, 22 postal sorters (working in the mail room) and almost 500 military personnel from the Royal Navy, British Army and Royal Air Force. Also aboard were nurses from Britain, Ireland, Australia, New Zealand, Canada and the United States.

(Extract of information on RMS *Leinster* from Wikipedia)

The anchor of R.M.S. *Leinster* is part of a memorial to those who lost their lives following the sinking of the R.M.S. *Leinster* on 10th October, 1918. It is located at Carlisle Pier, Dún Laoghaire, adjacent to the National Maritime Museum.



R.M.S. Leinster Memorial

*In memory of the
501 passengers, crew and
postal workers
who lost their lives
following the sinking
of the RMS Leinster
on 10 October 1918*

The Red Cross Wounded & Missing file for Private Joseph Thomas Barnes contains various handwritten notes & typed letters. The most relevant to Pte Barnes & the sinking are listed below:

- A letter from Sergeant F. Coleman, 718, 5th Division Headquarters reads: "*Torpedoed Leinster 10-10-18. Pte Joseph Barnes, 48th Battalion was identified by L/Cpl Roach 12th Australian Field Ambulance and Pte John Meigan, Headquarter Company, 17th Battalion (late 19th Battn) respectively. I was present at the King George V Hospital Mortuary, when they established the identifications. He is buried in Dublin.*"
- L/Cpl M. D. Roach, 9843, 12th Australian Field Ambulance wrote: "*If I remember rightly I also saw Pte J. Barnes and Pte M. E. Smith's bodies in the Morgue. I knew him; his Battalion is in our Brigade.*"
- A Statement from W/O S. E. Yeoman, representing Australian Headquarters wrote: "*On arrival at Dublin I went to King George V Hospital and saw the bodies of 3 Australian soldiers lying in the Mortuary. They were drowned as a result of the R.M.S. "Leinster" disaster. Identification was established by means of papers etc found on their person. After identifications were completed I saw only three bodies labelled unknown. I made enquiries in Dublin for any Australian soldiers who were survivors and was successful in locating 3 whose names appear in the summary attached. They accompanied my to the Mortuary where one Pte Meigan, 19th Battalion, A.I.F. identified one of the bodies as being that of No. 4538* (*In pencil - We understand that the correct No. of Pte M. Smith is 4530; 4538 is a clerical error from Headquarters) Pte Smith, Michael, 19th Battalion, A.I.F. The deceased was personally known to him. Therefore the features are well known, also a gold ring was recognised. This was the only case of identification. I reported this*

matter to the Hospital Authorities who subsequently made their report to the War Office. Later I discovered another survivor in the person of No. 649 Pte Moore, J. H. 1st M.G. Coy lying in King George V. Hpl suffering from Influenza. Statements from the four survivors attached. Funeral arrangements and burials were duly carried out under my supervision. Burials with Military Honours. Inquests on all Military bodies were dispensed with by the City Coroner of Dublin. Applications should be made to the President Effects Branch, General Headquarters, Ireland for the personal effects of these soldiers.

Coleman's Statement: Vessel left punctually 9 am. Ship very crowded. Morning dull. Roughness at sea out of harbour. Life belts were around but left to individual discretion of putting on. Majority availed themselves. Good headway. 10 to 10 o'clock saw a torpedo. Struck bow on port side. No undue panic- lowering of boats satisfactory. 2nd torpedo 10 mins after. Struck straight amid ships practically severed vessel and smashed 2 life boats. Boilers blown up. Then every man for himself. Raft till picked up by H.M.S. "Lively". Washed off several times. Sea running high – many drowned while hanging on to the raft. Taken to King George Hospital – given food and clothing – and to North Dublin Rest Camp, and medically treated. I saw an Australian, who by the colour patches was 4th M.G. Battalion- could not get into a life boat and was drowned through exhaustion let go.

Roach, M.D. 9483, 12th Field Ambulance. Extracts from statement: "Among those who came by the 7.30 am mail train was an Australian officer who had his left arm in a sling and carrying a gentleman's suit case in the right and wearing good conduct stripes on the bottom red 1914 and three blues and colour patches – green on the bottom and as far as can remember black." I noticed a fair number of Australians came by the mail train which leaves Westland Road at 8.30 Am. In another place says:- "I left Westland Road 7.30" (? 2 trains) Statement made at King George V. Hpl, Dublin 16-10-18.

Roach was sitting with a New Zealander. He said he saw a porpoise – I saw something (took it to be a whale). Thought no more till the boat was struck by torpedo – second soon after. Got on a raft – pulled off – got to a water logged boat which was later turned upside down by the waves. Hung on till picked up by H.M.S. "Help". Several people on this boat and we were all washed off several times.

Meigan I got to a raft where 14 others were clinging. On the raft was another Australian with whom I spoke. He belonged to the A.F.C. Raft was overturned by a large wave and every one washed off. On regaining the raft I asked if the Australian was there but could not see him. On the ship, I also saw another Australian whose name was, I think, Brissett. He lived at Robertson's Temperance Hotel, Donegal Street, Belfast with me on the 5th and 6th October. He signed the Hotel Register 2689 L/Cpl/ J. B. Murray, 1st M.Y. Company. Supply Section.

2531 Dvr. F. L. Hopkins, 1st M.T. Company, No. 3 Transport Section.

Extracts from statement made at A.H.Q. B. Records 15-10-18

"In water nearly an hour before being picked up by a lifeboat."

"We never knew the names of any of the Australians who embarked on the Leinster on 10th October but remember having seen men, whose regimental colours lead us to judge them to belong to the Units mentioned.

Two men of the 19th Battalion

One man from the 3rd M.T. Company

" " " " 1st Div. Train

" " " " 3rd Div Hqrs.

" machine gunner of the 3rd Div Hqrs

Cert: by A.I.F. Hqrs 17-1-19

- Drowned at Sea. S.S. Leinster 10-10-18

718 Sgt F. T. Coleman, 3rd Aust. Div. Headquarters wrote to Miss D. Smith, 15 Glenant Avenue, Blackrock, CO. Dublin (V.A.D. Linden Auxiliary Hospital, Blackrock) asking her to put him in touch with the Scottish Officer who told him that "An Australian was hanging to his boat but let go his hold and was lost." Miss Smith states this officer to have been a 2.Lieut. in the Argyle and Sutherland Highlanders, but so far, has been unable to trace him. She has however, forwarded a further report from Capt. Parker, Ship's Adjutant, of R.M.S. Leinster which reads as follows, but we have been unable to ascertain to whom it definitely refers:-

I enclose herewith a report anent an Australian whom I saw in the sea after the sinking of the "Leinster". I regret my inability to give a fuller description of this brave man. I was personally clinging to a raft for about two hours and on another raft about 10 yards distant, I particularly noticed an Australian soldier hanging on with one hand – his head and shoulders being out of the water. Our rafts kept in close proximity for about one hour during that time. I spoke words of encouragement to him, but it was obvious his strength was failing fast. Every time I spoke to him, he smiled but never answered. The seas kept breaking over us and this combined with the cold and exposure, undoubtedly caused his death. Ultimately he let go his hold and sank smiling to the last. In all my experience (which includes several) I have never seen a braver death. He was clean shaven, dark hair, strong chin, fine profile, well tanned skin, and I would describe him as a typical good looking Colonial. He had his colonial hat on all the time, with the chin strap under his chin, but I am unaware of his particular corps or regiment.

Letter from:- H. L. Parker, Capt. 3rd Cameron Highlanders

In a previous report of 23-12-18 Sgt Coleman gives the following description of a 4th M.G. man seen by him, but unfortunately we do not know to whom it should be attached. "This man appeared to me to be about 28 years, light hair, and rather long features. He was constantly being drenched with water and I could not get a good look at him, for my attention was taken up keeping the raft away from the boat.

Private Joseph Thomas Barnes was buried on 15th October, 1918 in Grangegorman Military Cemetery, Dublin, Ireland – Plot number CE. 3. and has a Commonwealth War Graves Commission headstone. From the burial report of Pte Joseph Thomas Barnes - *Coffin was good polished Elm. The deceased soldier was accorded a Full Military funeral, Firing Party, Bugler and Pallbearers being in attendance. The coffin was draped with the Union Jack, and conveyed to the graveside, where the Last Post was sounded and the burial service conducted by the Rev. Peacock C. F. A procession of about half a mile long followed the remains to the graveside. The grave will be turfed and an oak cross erected by the A.I.F. London. Administrative Headquarters, A.I.F. London were represented.*

Private Joseph Thomas Barnes requested in his Will, dated 16th July, 1917 that the whole of his personal property, including his Military Estate be given to his wife Muriel Thirza Barnes, Payneham, South Australia.

Private Joseph Thomas Barnes was entitled to British War Medal & the Victory Medal. A Memorial Scroll & Memorial Plaque were also sent to Pte Barnes' widow – Mrs M. T. Barnes, as the closest next-of-kin. (Scroll sent July, 1921 & Plaque sent September, 1922).

The Commonwealth War Graves Commission lists Private Joseph Thomas Barnes – service number 6784, aged 28, of 48th Battalion Australian Infantry. He was the son of David and Charlotte Barnes; husband of Muriel T. Barnes, of Henley Beach, South Australia. Born in South Australia.

Private J. T. Barnes is commemorated on the Roll of Honour, located in the Hall of Memory Commemorative Area at the Australian War Memorial, Canberra, Australia on Panel 145.



Roll Of Honour WW1 Australian War Memorial Canberra, Australia

J. T. Barnes is remembered on the National Soldiers Memorial in Adelaide. The Adelaide National War Memorial commemorates those from South Australia that served in the First World War. The names of those that died are listed inside the Memorial, which is located on the corner of North Terrace & Kintore Avenue, Adelaide.



National War Memorial – Adelaide (Photos by Bilby)

(65 pages of Pte Joseph Thomas Barnes' Service records are available for On Line viewing at National Archives of Australia website).

Information obtained from the CWGC, Australian War Memorial (Roll of Honour, First World War Embarkation Roll, Red Cross Wounded & Missing) & National Archives



AUSTRALIAN WAR MEMORIAL

H06691

Private Joseph Thomas Barnes

Newspaper Notices

407th CASUALTY LIST SOUTH AUSTRALIA

Wounded

6784 Pte J. T. BARNES, Payneham

(*The Mail*, Adelaide, South Australia – 8 June, 1918)

FOR KING AND COUNTRY

BARNES – On the 10th October, result of enemy action, S.S. Leinster, returning from Dublin, 6784, Pte Joseph T. Barnes, B.A., 48th Battalion, late 27th, dearly loved husband of Muriel T. Barnes, Payneham, late Schoolhouse, Wasleys, and elder son of Mrs D. W. Barnes, Payneham, aged 39 years.

(*The Register*, Adelaide, South Australia – 16 October, 1918) & (*The Journal*, Adelaide, South Australia – 16 October, 1918)

& (*Observer*, Adelaide, South Australia – 19 October, 1918)

DIED ON ACTIVE SERVICE

BARNES – On the 10th October, result of enemy action, S.S. Leinster, returning from Dublin, 6784, Pte Joseph T. Barnes, B.A., 48th Battalion, late 27th, dearly loved husband of Muriel T. Barnes, Payneham, late Schoolhouse, Wasleys, and elder son of Mrs D. W. Barnes, Payneham, aged 39 years. His duty noble done.

(*The Express and Telegraph*, Adelaide, South Australia – 16 October, 1918)

AUSTRALIAN SOLDIERS

DIED FOR THEIR COUNTRY

Private JOSEPH T. BARNES, B.A., who was last week reported drowned through torpedoing of the Leinster while returning from Ireland, was the elder son of Mrs D. W. Barnes, of Barnes'-road, Payneham. Prior to enlisting in July, 1917, he was head teacher of Wasleys school. Private Barnes was severely wounded in the thigh on May 3, 1918, in France, and a few days ago a cable was received saying he would be in England till December. He was connected with the Education Department for a number of years, and during his association with many different schools of South Australia he won the love and esteem of both teachers and children. His untimely death leaves many sorrowing friends. He has left a widow and two young children.

(*The Journal*, Adelaide, South Australia – 23 November, 1918)

THE AUSTRALIANS

CASUALTY LIST No. 444

SOUTH AUSTRALIA DIED OTHER CAUSES

6784 – Pte J. T. BARNES, Payneham (Oct 10).

(*The Journal*, Adelaide, South Australia – 23 November, 1918)

IN MEMORY OF THE BRAVE

BARNES – In loving memory of Joe, dearly loved husband of Muriel Barnes, and father of Marjorie and Joan, drowned in the Irish Sea, on the 10th October, 1918 (steamer Leinster).

“Called to a higher service.”

(*Observer*, Adelaide, South Australia – 11 October, 1919)

IN MEMORY OF THE BRAVE

BARNES – A loving tribute to the memory of Joe, drowned in the Irish Sea on the 10th October, 1918, enemy action, s.s. Leinster. – Inserted by his loved ones, Henley Beach.

BARNES – In loving memory of Pte J. T. Barnes, 48th Battalion, drowned s.s. Leinster, on 10th October, 1918. Ever remembered. – Inserted by his loving brother and sister-in-law, Will and Clarice.

(*Observer*, Adelaide, South Australia – 16 October, 1920)

HEROES OF THE GREAT WAR

BARNES – In loving memory of our dear friend, Private J. T. Barnes, B.A., 48th Battalion, late 27th, result of enemy action, S.S. Leinster, October 10, 1918. – Inserted by his sincere friends, Mirt, Ben and Jean. Ever remembered.

BARNES – A loving tribute to the memory of Joe, drowned in the Irish Sea on the 10th October, 1918; enemy action, S.S. Leinster. – Inserted by his loved ones, Henley Beach.

BARNES – In loving memory of Pte J. T. Barnes, 48th Battalion, drowned S.S. Leinster, October 10,, 1918. Ever remembered. – Inserted by his loving brother and sister-in-law, Will and Clarice.

(*Chronicle*, Adelaide, South Australia – 16 October, 1920)

IN MEMORIAM

BARNES – A loving tribute to the memory of Joe, the dearly loved husband of Muriel Barnes, father of Mayie and Joan, Henley Beach, drowned in Irish Sea, October 10, 1918.

(*The Advertiser*, Adelaide, South Australia – 10 October, 1921)

IN MEMORIAM

BARNES – A loving tribute to the memory of Joe, the dearly loved husband of Muriel Barnes, father of Marjie and Joan, Henley Beach, drowned in Irish Sea on the 10th October, 1918.

(*Observer*, Adelaide, South Australia – 15 October, 1921)

IN MEMORY OF THE BRAVE

BARNES – A loving tribute to the memory of Joe, drowned in the Irish Sea, on the 10th October, 1918. – Inserted by his loved ones, Henley Beach.

(*The Journal*, Adelaide, South Australia – 10 October, 1922) & (*The Register*, Adelaide, South Australia – 10 October, 1922) & (*Observer*, Adelaide, South Australia – 14 October, 1922)

THEIR NAME LIVETH FOR EVERMORE

BARNES – Pte J. T. Barnes, 48th Battalion, who died on 10th October, 1918.

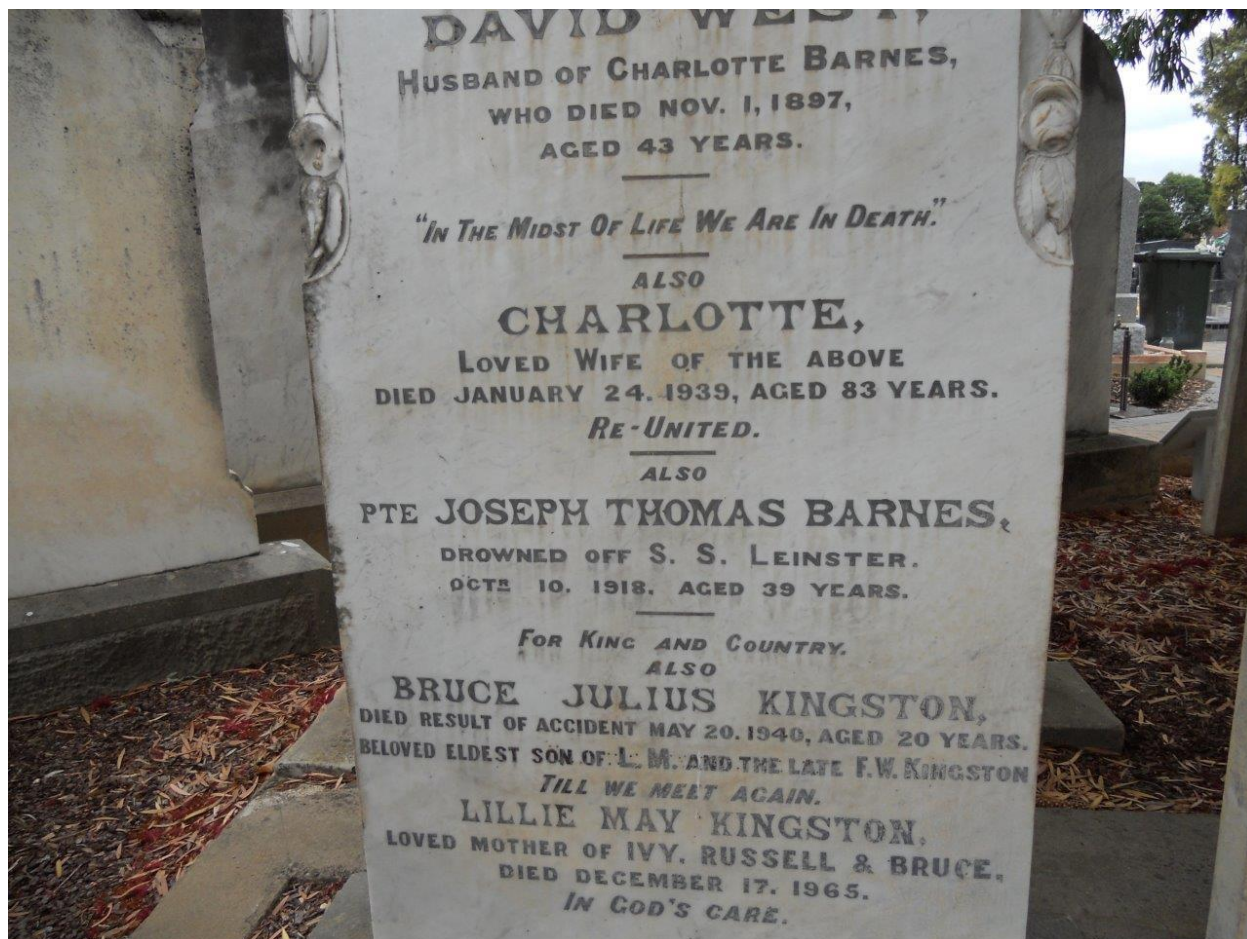
(*The Register*, Adelaide, South Australia – 10 October, 1925)

Pte Joseph Thomas Barnes is remembered on his parents' headstone located in Payneham Cemetery, Adelaide, South Australia.



Barnes' Family Headstone in Payneham Cemetery, Adelaide, South Australia

(Photos courtesy of Kym – Deadsearch)

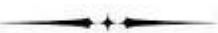


PTE JOSEPH THOMAS BARNES

Drowned off S. S. Leinster

Octr 10, 1918. Aged 39 Years

For King And Country



Commonwealth War Graves Commission Headstones

The Defence Department, in 1920/21, contacted the next of kin of the deceased World War 1 soldiers to see if they wanted to include a personal inscription on the permanent headstone. Space was reserved for 66 letters only (with the space between any two words to be counted as an additional letter) & the rate per letter was around 3 ½ d (subject to fluctuation).

The expense in connection for the erection of permanent headstones over the graves of fallen soldiers was borne by the Australian Government.

(Information obtained from letters sent to next of kin in 1921)

Private T. J. Barnes does have a personal inscription on his headstone.

In Memory Of Joe

Dearly Loved Husband Of

Muriel Barnes

Payneham, S.A.

Grangegorman Military Cemetery, Dublin, Ireland

Grangegorman Military Cemetery was opened in 1876 and was used for the burial of British service personnel and their near relatives. It contains war graves from both world wars. Some of the graves were re-located to this site at a later date (nine from King George V Hospital grounds, two from Trinity College grounds, three from Portobello (Barracks) Cemetery, two from Drogheda (Little Calvary) Cemetery and one from Oranmore Old Graveyard).

The "Leinster" graves are in several trenches in the different denominational plots.

A Screen Wall Memorial of a simple design standing nearly two metres high and fifteen metres long has been built of Irish limestone to commemorate the names of those war casualties whose graves lie elsewhere in Ireland and can no longer be maintained. Arranged before this memorial are the headstones of the war dead buried in Cork Military Cemetery but now commemorated here.

There are now 613 Commonwealth burials of the 1914-1918 war, 2 of which are unidentified, and 12 of the 1939-1945 war, 1 of which is unidentified, commemorated here.

There are 7 Australian War Graves from World War 1 & 1 New Zealand War Grave.

4 Australian Soldiers & a New Zealand Soldier who were drowned on the *Leinster* were buried in Grangegorman Military Cemetery - Private Joseph Thomas Barnes, 6784, 48th Battalion, A.I.F.; Private Edwin Johnson Carter, 2880, 29th Battalion, A.I.F.; Private Joseph Gratton, 2872, 4th Machine Gun Battalion, A.I.F.; Private Michael Ernest Smith, 4530, 19th Battalion, A.I.F. & Lance Corporal Peter Freitas, 14/191A, New Zealand Army Corps (born in Australia).



Grangegorman Military Cemetery

Photo of Private J. T. Barnes' Commonwealth War Graves Commission Headstone in Grangegorman Military Cemetery, Dublin, Ireland.

(Note: The CWGC Headstone is engraved with the initials reversed "T.J. Barnes" should be J. T. Barnes. CWGC were advised of error at the time of researching – August, 2017) See more recent headstone below



Photo of Private J. T. Barnes' Commonwealth War Graves Commission Headstone in Grangegorman Military Cemetery, Dublin, Ireland – new headstone with the initials corrected but the age should be 38.



(Photo courtesy of Margie Feltham 2018)



3 Australian Graves from the Leinster – (left to right) Barnes/Carter/Gratton

[Note – photos are of the old Headstone for J. T. Barnes where the initials were incorrectly engraved as T. J. Barnes]

(Photos from Magicfingers)





Grangegorman Military Cemetery *(Photo from CWGC)*